# SCIENCE FOR POVERTY ERADICATION AND SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

## JEFFREY D. SACHS IAP Workshop ,Manaus, Brazil, 4 December 2014



# A WORLD IN FLUX

- 1. GLOBAL-SCALE PRODUCTION SYSTEMS
- 2. RAPID ICT-ENABLED TECHNOLOGICAL CHANGE
- 3. RAPID POPULATION GROWTH IN AFRICA AND SOUTH ASIA AND AGING IN THE HIGH-INCOME COUNTRIES
- 4. WORLDWIDE DECLINE OF MIDDLE-SKILLED JOBS
- 5. EXTREME ENVIRONMENTAL CRISES
- 6. ECONOMIC AND GEOPOLITICAL MULTI-POLARITY

# Sustainable Development as a Framework for Action

Sustainable Development is the Holistic Integration of Economic, Social, and Environmental Objectives in an Approach to Scientific Analysis, Governance, Problem Solving, and Human Action

The UN Member States are now negotiating **Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)** to be adopted in September 2015

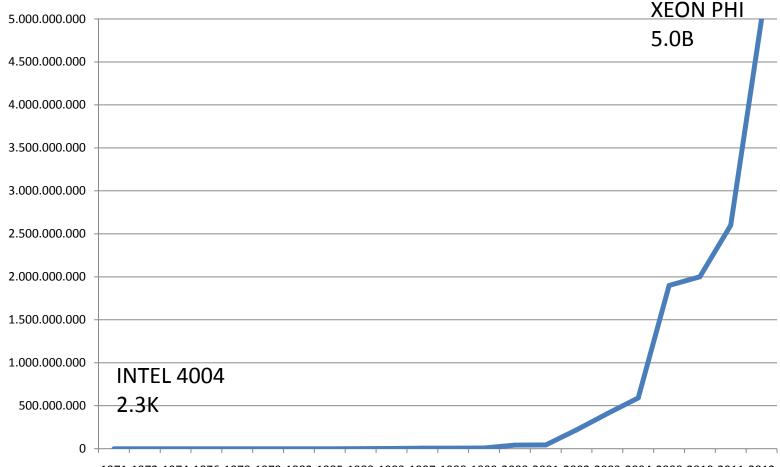
# 2015 is the Decisive Year for Setting Sustainable Development Goals

Financing for Sustainable Development (Addis Ababa, July 2015)

Sustainable Development Goals (UN HQ, September 2015)

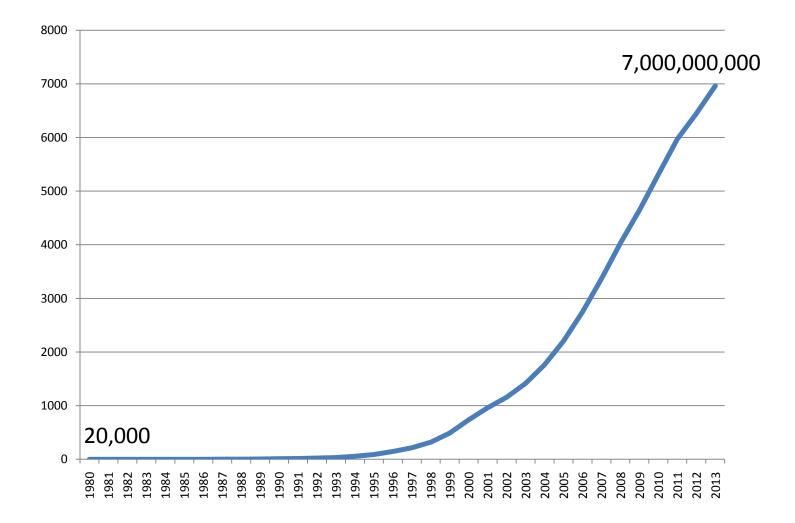
Climate Change Agreement at COP21 (Paris, December 2015)

## OUR BEST HOPE: THE INFORMATION AGE (TRANSISTOR COUNT ON INTEL MICROPROCESSORS)

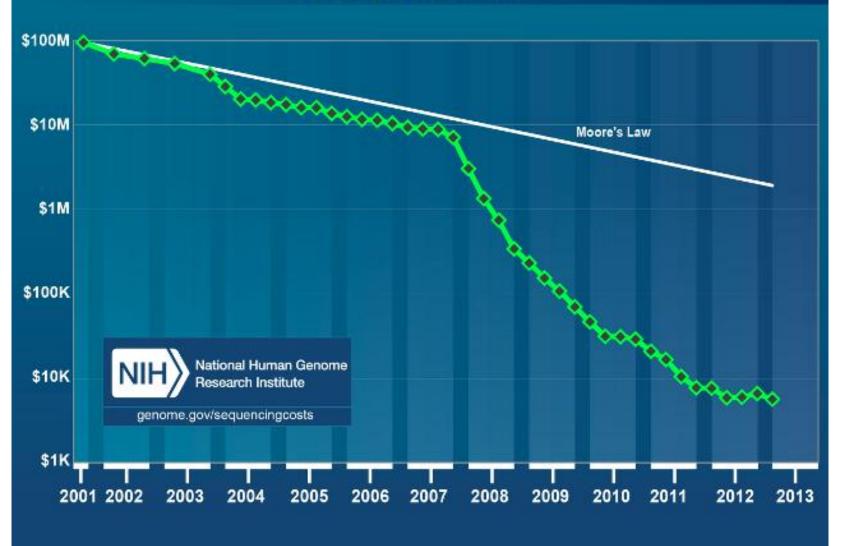


1971 1972 1974 1976 1978 1979 1982 1985 1989 1993 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2008 2010 2011 2012

#### Mobile Subscribers Worldwide, 1990-2013

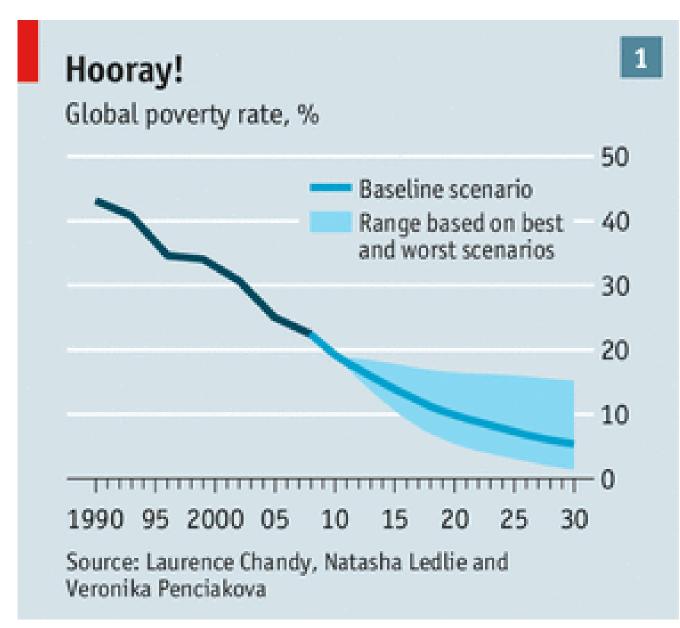


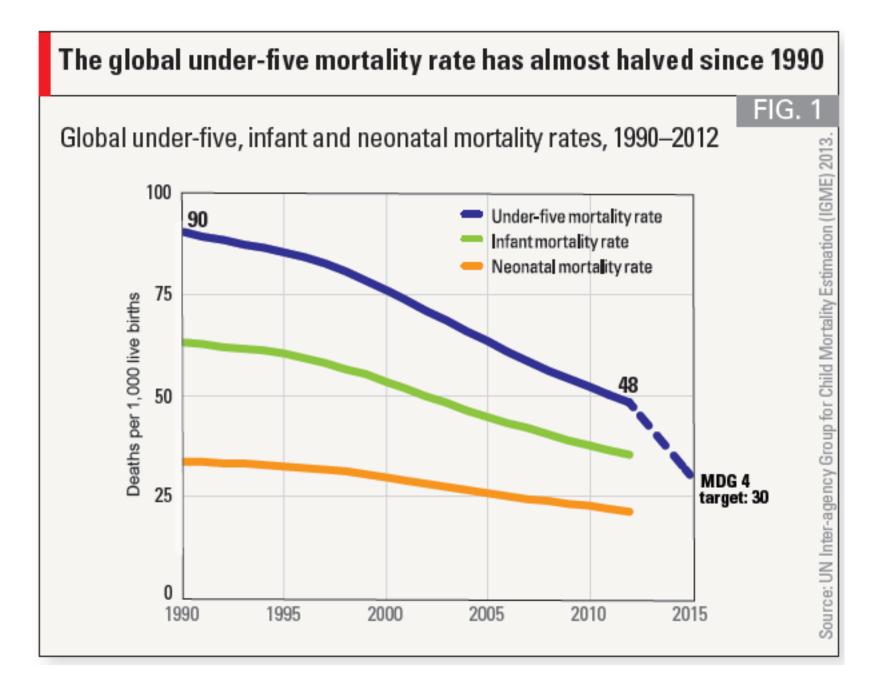
#### Cost per Genome

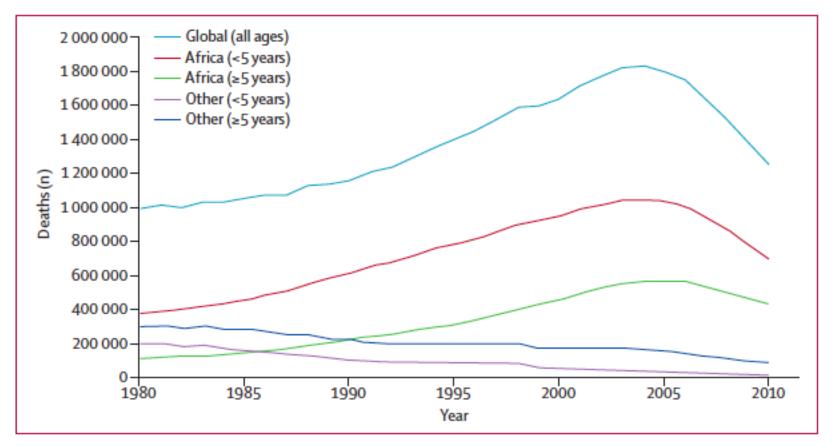


HALVING OF COST ROUGHLY EVERY NINE MONTHS

### PROGRESS DURING THE MDG ERA







#### Figure 2: Trends in global malaria deaths by age and geographical region, 1980 to 2010

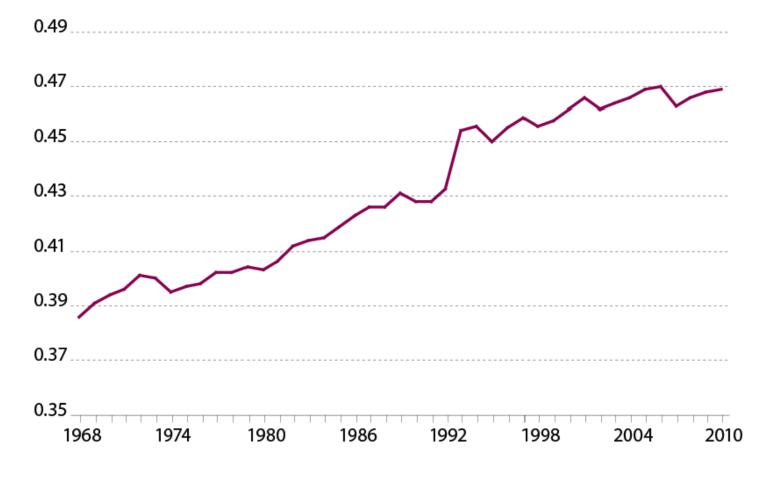
Global malaria mortality between 1980 and 2010: a systematic analysis Christopher J L Murray, Lisa C Rosenfeld, Stephen S Lim, Kathryn G Andrews, Kyle J Foreman, Diana Haring, Nancy Fullman, Mohsen Naghavi,Rafael Lozano, Alan D Lopez Lancet (2012) 379: 413–31

# YET ECONOMIC GROWTH AND POVERTY REDUCTION ARE HAMPERED BY TWO FUNDAMENTAL HURDLES:

# GROWING INCOME INEQUALITY AND SOCIAL EXCLUSION

**GROWING ENVIRONMENTAL CRISES** 

# GINI COEFFICIENT IN US, 1968-2010



SOURCE: US CONGRESSIONAL RESEARCH SERVICE 2012

# GINI COEFFICIENT IN CHINA, 1981-2012



Sources: Gini coefficients for the years 1986–2001 are from Ravallion and Chen (2007), 2002 from Gustafsson et al. (2008), 2003–2012 from the National Bureau of Statistics.

## THE GROWING INCOME DIVIDE RESULTS FROM:

RISING RETURNS TO SKILLS AND HENCE SKILLS GAP

TECHNOLOGICAL DISPLACEMENT OF WORKERS

POLITICAL SYSTEMS DIRECTED TOWARD THE WEALTHY

DECREASING EDUCATIONAL MOBILITY OF THE POOR

ECOLOGICAL LOSSES INCURRED HEAVILY BY THE POOR

GLOBALIZATION OF FINANCIAL FLOWS



Tunis, January 2011



Tel Aviv, August 2011



Madrid, September 2012



Cairo, January 2011



Chile, August 2011



Istanbul, June 2013



Athens July 2011



New York City, November 2011



Rio de Janeiro, June 2013

#### AFRICA'S POPULATION SCENARIOS

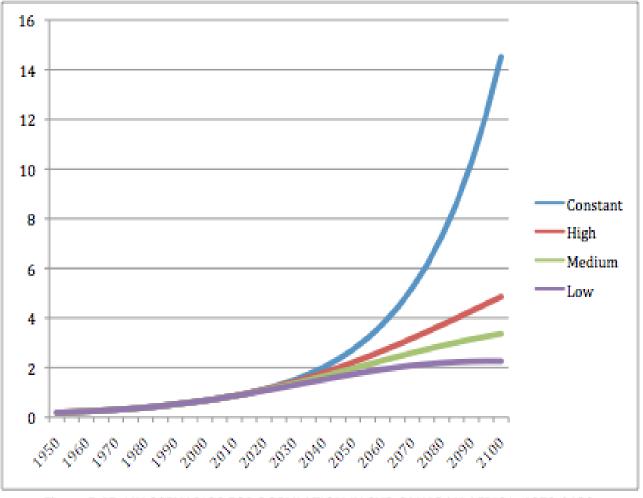
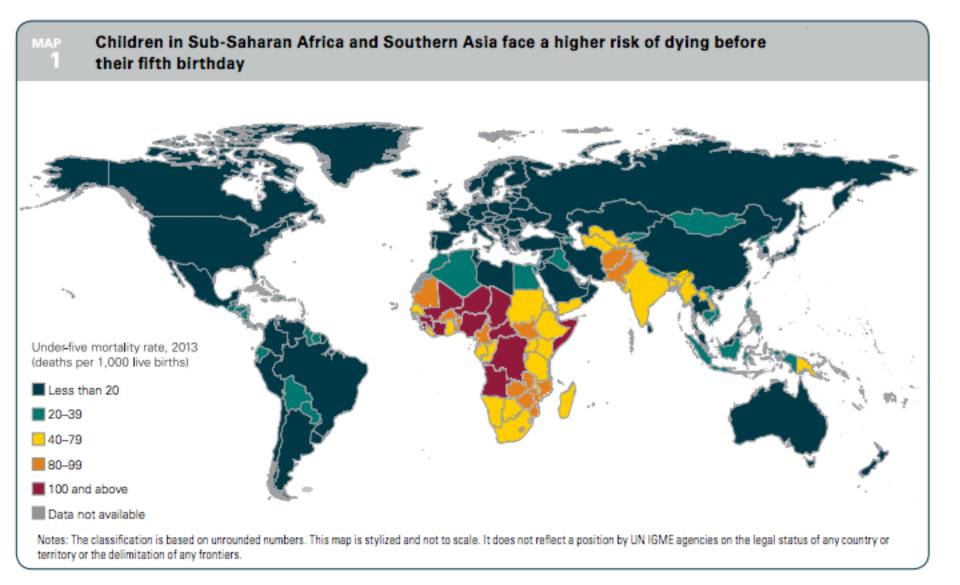
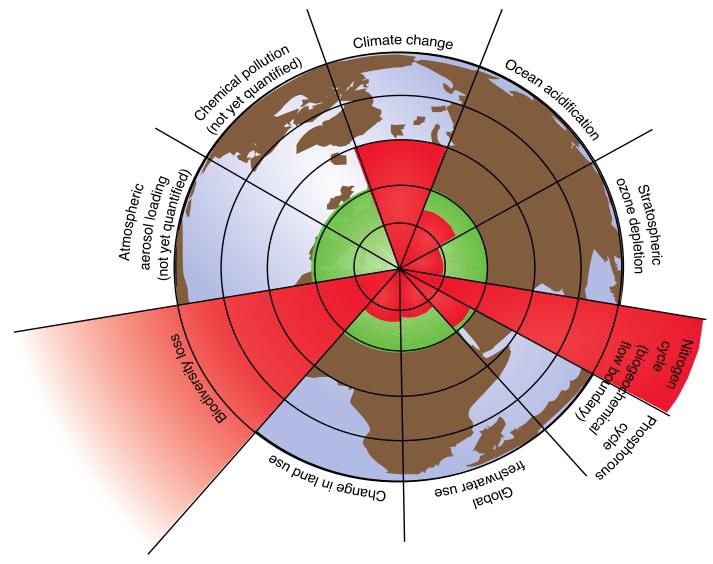


Figure 5.15: UN SCENARIOS FOR POPULATION IN SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA, 1950-2100

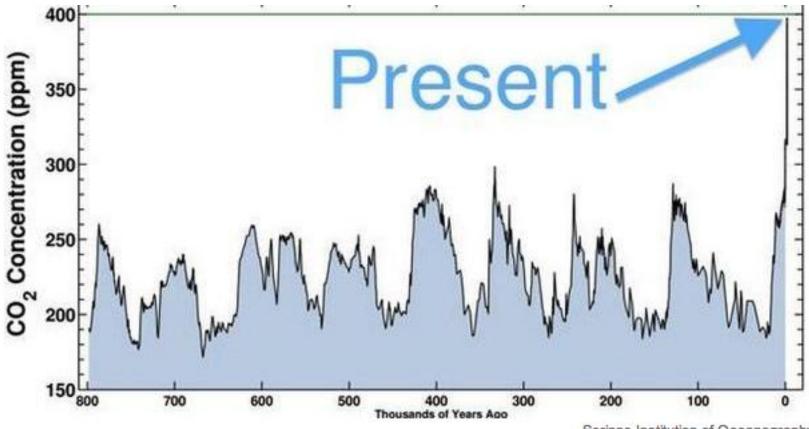


# "PLANETARY BOUNDARIES"



Source: Rockström et al 2009a)

# IN APRIL, 2013, CO2 CONCENTRATION REACHES 400 PPM FOR FIRST TIME IN 3 MILLION YEARS



Scripps Institution of Oceanography

Ice core data before 1958



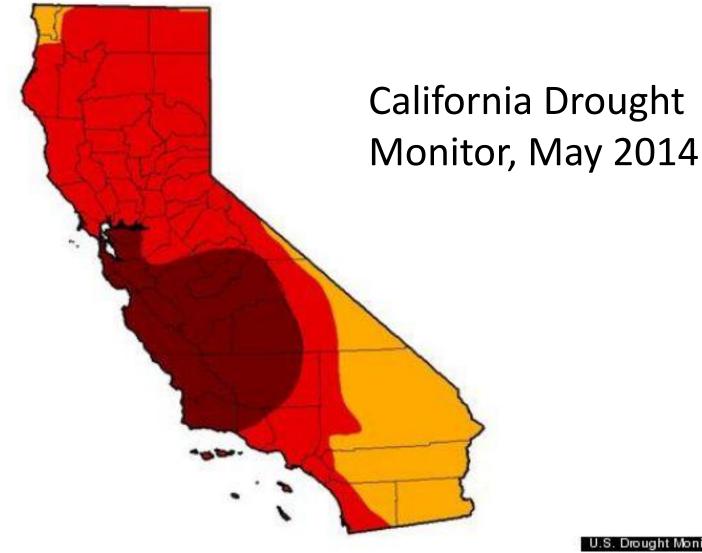
JAGUARY DAM, SAO PAULO STATE, JANUARY 2014



#### SUMATRA FOREST FIRES, MARCH 2014



BOSNIA, May 16 2014



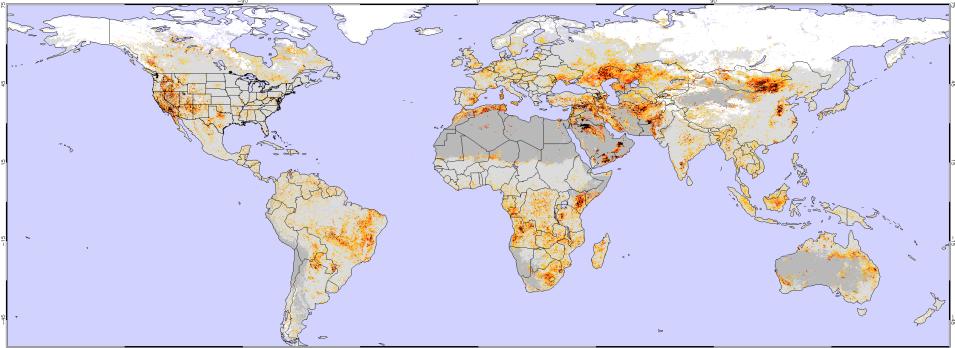
U.S. Drought Monitor

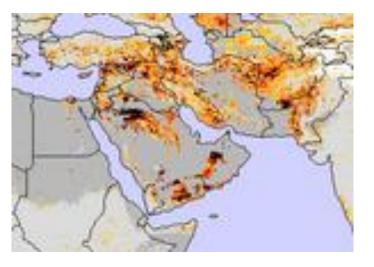


STEVENS CREEK RESERVOIR, MAY 2014

## CURRENT DROUGHT RISK MAP, OCTOBER 2014







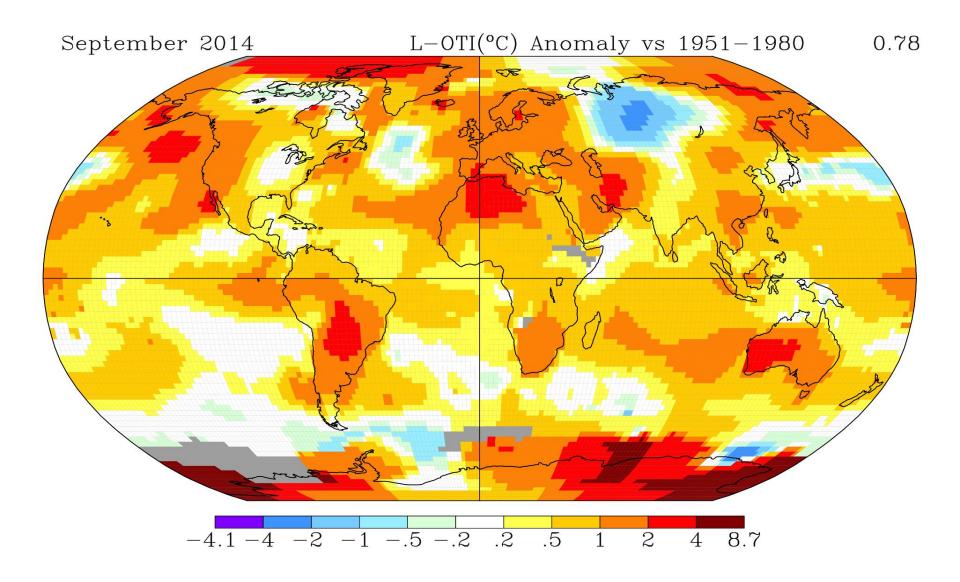
#### INSET FOR THE MIDDLE EAST AND WEST ASIA

http://www.star.nesdis.noaa.gov/smcd/emb/v ci/VH/vh\_browse.php



#### HIROSHIMA FLOODS, AUGUST 2014

#### HOTTEST APRIL, MAY, JUNE, AUGUST, SEPTEMBER AND OCTOBER ON RECORD



#### THE THREATS OF EMERGING DISEASES

### EBOLA



### SARS



MERS



### **AVIAN FLU**

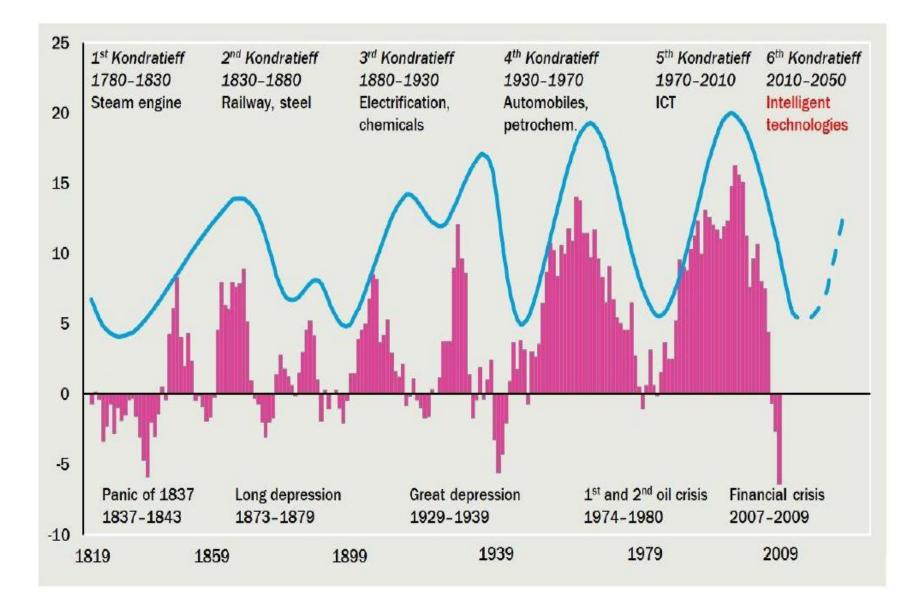


# **Challenges to Meet the Sustainable Development:**

**Rapid Technological Transformation Equity in Social Service Provision Community Protection of Natural Resources** Strengthening of Local Governance Sharing Work, Learning, and Leisure **Restraining Arbitrary Corporate Power Responsible investing and Financial Markets Re-Democratizing Our Democracies Identifying Shared Global Values** 

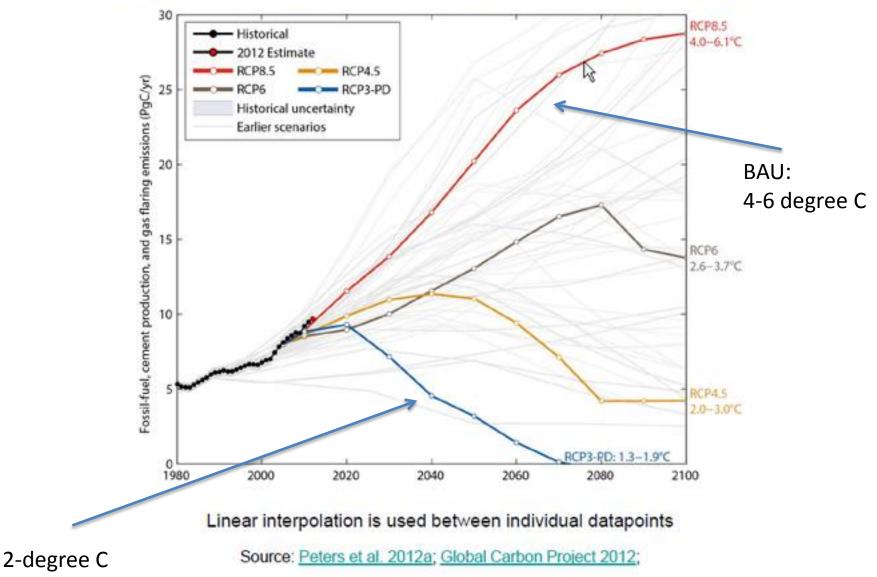
#### **CURRENT DRAFT LIST OF SDGS**

END POVERTY **END HUNGER** HEALTH FOR ALL EDUCATION FOR ALL **GENDER EQUALITY** SUSTAINABLE WATER AND SANITATION SUSTAINABLE ENERGY FOR ALL SUSTAINABLE GROWTH AND IOBS SUSTAINABLE INFRASTRUCTURE AND INDUSTRIALIZATION **REDUCE INEQUALITIES** SUSTAINABLE CITIES SUSTAINBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION TACKLE CLIMATE CHANGE CONSERVE MARINE ECOSYSTEMS AND RESOURCES CONSERVE TERRESTRIAL ECOSYSTEMS AND RESOURCES ACHIEVE PEACEFUL AND INCLUSIVE SOCIETIES STRENGTHEN THE MEANS OF IMPLEMENTATION



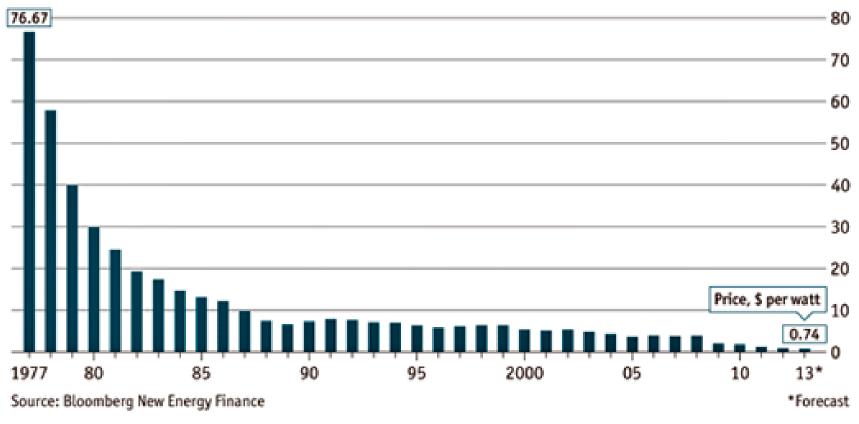
#### SIXTH WAVE SHOULD BE SUSTAINBLE GROWTH BUILT ON DIGITAL REVOLUTION

Emissions are heading to a 4.0-6.1°C "likely" increase in temperature Large and sustained mitigation is required to keep below 2°C



#### The Swanson effect

Price of crystalline silicon photovoltaic cells, \$ per watt



Economist.com/graphicdetail

# CRITICAL "SYSTEMS" PRIORITIES:

# SUSTAINABLE ENERGY SYSTEMS

# SUSTAINABLE AGRICULTURE AND NUTRITION

SUSTAINABLE URBANIZATION ("SMART CITIES")

HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND MEANINGFUL WORK FOR ALL

# WILL NEED TECHNOLOGICAL BREAKTHROUGHS

# EXAMPLES OF DIRECTED SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY:

VACCINES, MEDICINES, AND DIAGNOSTICS RADAR CRYPTOGRAPHY NUCLEAR ENERGY COMPUTING SEMICONDUCTORS SATELLITES AND SPACE SCIENCE INTERNET HUMAN GENOME PROJECT HIGGS BOSON (CERN) **BRAIN INITIATIVE** 

# NEED NEW GLOBAL PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIPS FOR:

# LOW-CARBON ENERGY SYSTEMS

# **RESILIENT AND SUSTAINBLE AGRICULTURE**

# SMART ICT-ENABLED URBAN SYSTEMS

# ICT-ENABLED HEALTH, EDUCATION, GOVERNANCE

# 2015 IS THE DECISIVE YEAR OF DIPLOMACY, AND PERHAPS "LAST CHANCE" FOR A SAFE CLIMATE

THE 2015 OPPORTUNITIES:

- REINVIGORATE DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE
- ADOPT THE SDGS
- CREATE A CLIMATE AGREEMENT BASED ON THE 2-DEGREE C LIMIT
- HEALTH FOR ALL GLOBAL FUND FOR HEALTH
- EDUCATION FOR ALL GLOBAL FUND FOR EDUCATION
- BOLSTER PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIPS FOR
  SUSTAINABLE TECHNOLOGIES

## **KEY ROLES OF SCIENTIFIC-ENGINEERING COMMUNITY**

(1) Understanding mechanisms: climate, biodiversity, economic dynamics

(2) Monitoring and mapping Earth system states

(3) Developing integrated Physical-Human systems frameworks ("green economy," "smart cities," "circular economy")

(4) Directed technological advancement (e.g. "deep decarbonization" through RDD&D)

(5) Institutional Innovation for Sustainable Development

(6) Shared global framework and communication